# Hazard-Specific Preparedness Planning

This playbook describes the steps to create an emergency plan that addresses the specific hazards unique to your geographic area, whether they are natural or man-made. It focuses on customizing your response and preparation strategies to the particular risks faced in your local environment.

### Step 1: Risk Assessment

Identify the specific natural and man-made hazards that are relevant to your geographic region. This might include severe weather events like hurricanes, floods, earthquakes, or man-made threats such as chemical spills or industrial accidents.

### Step 2: Resource Evaluation

Evaluate the resources currently available to you, including emergency supplies, evacuation routes, and communication plans. Consider what is already in place and what needs to be developed or improved.

### Step 3: Plan Development

Develop a detailed emergency plan that addresses the identified risks. Ensure the plan includes procedures for evacuation, sheltering in place, seeking emergency assistance, and notifying family members of the situation.

### Step 4: Training

Conduct training sessions with all individuals involved in the emergency plan. This may include family members, employees, or community members, depending on the context of the plan.

### Step 5: Drills

Regularly conduct drills to practice the emergency response actions included in your plan. This can help to familiarize everyone with their roles and responsibilities during an actual emergency situation.

### Step 6: Review and Update

Review and update the emergency plan on a regular basis, making adjustments as needed based on new information, hazards, resources, or changes in the environment or your personal circumstances.

## General Notes

### Local Collaboration

Work with local authorities and community organizations to remain informed about area-specific risks and the most effective response strategies. Collaboration can provide valuable insights and resources for your planning efforts.

### Multi-Hazard Approach

Consider adopting a multi-hazard approach in your planning, which can provide a more holistic framework to deal with multiple types of risks simultaneously.