

# Understanding Debt-to-Income Ratio

This playbook guides an individual through the process of calculating their debt-to-income ratio (DTI), a key financial metric used by lenders to assess creditworthiness. It explains the importance of DTI and how it affects personal financial health.

## Step 1: **Gather Data**

Collect all financial statements including monthly debt payments and your total monthly income.

## Step 2: **List Debts**

Write down all monthly obligations including loans, credit card payments, and any other debts.

## Step 3: **Sum Debts**

Add up all the monthly debt expenses to find the total monthly debt payment.

## Step 4: **Verify Income**

Calculate your total monthly income before taxes. Include all sources of regular income.

## Step 5: **Compute DTI**

Divide the total monthly debt by total monthly income and multiply by 100 to get the DTI percentage.

## Step 6: **Evaluate DTI**

Assess your DTI percentage. Generally, a DTI of 35% or lower is considered good, while anything above 43% may hinder your ability to obtain new credit.

## Step 7: **Plan Reduction**

If your DTI is high, create a plan to reduce your debt which may involve budget adjustments, debt consolidation, or seeking professional financial advice.

# **General Notes**

## **Accuracy Matters**

Ensure the accuracy of both your income and debt figures for a precise DTI calculation.

## **Regular Review**

Regularly computing your DTI can help monitor your financial health over time, allowing for timely adjustments.